

1. INDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCES / PREPARATION AND COMPANY

1.1 Product Name:	Enigma High Base Liquid				
Product Code:	422, 423, 843, 844, 846, 847				
Application:	With Enigma High Base powder, forms a heat cured acrylic denture base.				
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against;	Manufacturing of dental prosthesis in a dental laboratory				
1.3 Company:	Davis Schottlander & Davis Ltd Fifth Avenue, Letchworth Garden City Herts SG6 2WD UK Tel: +44 (0)1462 480848 Fax: +44 (0)1462 482802 msds@schottlander.co.uk www.schottlander.com				
Revision Date:	23.5.2022	V4.0	Previous Revision	25.08.2015	V3.0
Next Review Date:	23.5.2025				

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified as hazardous according to GHS. Regulation EC1272/2008

Physical	H225	Flammable Liquids	Hazard category 2
Health	H315	Irritation of skin	Hazard category 2
	H317	Skin sensitisation	Hazard category 1B
	H335	Specific Target Organ Toxicity -	Hazard category 3
		Single exposure (inhalation)	

2.2 Label elements

In Accordance with Regulation EC 1272/2008

Signal word Danger

GHS Pictogram





H315 H317 H335 H225

Hazard Statement	H225	Highly flammable liquid or vapour
	H315	Causes skin irritation
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statement

(Prevention) P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

And other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye



protection/face protection

(Response) P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

(Disposal) P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local regulation

Hazardous components

for labelling:

Methyl methacrylate

2.3 Other hazards:

Polymerisation with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g peroxides), reducing substances, and/or heavy metal ions.

3. **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

3.1 Substances

In accordance with Regulation EC 1272/2008

Component	CAS No.	Content	Hazard/category/statement
	EC Index No.		
	REACH No.		
	EINECS No.		
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	>98%	Flam. Liq./2/H225
	607-035-00-6		Skin Irrit./2/H315
	01-2119452498-28		Skin Sens./1/H317
	201-29701		STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
Ethylene Glycol	97-90-5	2.5-10%	Skin Sens./1/H317
Dimethacrylate	607-114-00-5		STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
	Pre-registered		
	202-617-2		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Medical treatment is necessary if symptoms occur which are obviously caused by skin or eye contact with the product, or by vapour inhalation. Remove soiled soaked

clothing immediately.

Inhalation Move casualty to fresh air and keep them calm. Seek medical attention.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, seek medical

attention.

Eye contact Holding eyelids open, immediately rinse thoroughly with plenty of water. Seek

medical advice.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact a doctor.



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Causes skin and eye irritation. Skin sensitisation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

No

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

No

5.3 Advice for fire fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take care for adequate ventilation. Use personal protective clothing. Keep away from sources of ignition. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapour/dust/mist/aerosol.

6.2 Environmental procedures

Do not allow to enter drains/surface water/ground water/sewerage systems. If entry occurs IMMEDIATELY alert The Environment Agency or other equivalent appropriate body.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Larger volumes: remove mechanically (by pumping). Use explosion-proof equipment. Smaller volumes and/or residues: contain with absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid absorbent, universal absorbent or sawdust). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8. For disposal considerations see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure the area is well ventilated. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame – no smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. In the event of fire, use explosion-proof equipment only. Cool the endangered containers with water. When heated above the flashpoint and/or during spraying (atomising), ignitable mixtures may form in air.



7.2 Conditions of safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in the original container and do not allow temperature to exceed 30°C. Protect from light. Fill the container by approx. 90% only as oxygen (air) is required for stabilisation. With large storage containers, ensure oxygen supply is sufficient to allow stability. Can polymerise with intense heat release.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Components or products of decomposition according to point 10, with limit values related to the place of work which require monitoring.

Methyl Methacrylate CAS No. 80-62-6

WEL (8hrs) 208mg/m³ 50 ppm WEL (15mins) 416 mg/m³ 100 ppm

8.2 Exposure controls:

Monitoring Data For monitoring procedures and technical data refer to, for

instance, The National Institute for Health & Safety (NIOSH)

– Manual of Analytical Methods, method 2537.

Derived No-Effect Level

(DNEL)

Critical Component	Routes of Exposure (LONG- TERM)	DNEL
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	210mg/m ³
	Dermal	74.3mg/m ³
	Oral	-

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Critical Component	Routes of Exposure (LONG- TERM)	PNEC
Methyl Methacrylate	Water	0.94mg/l
	Soil	-
	Air	-

General protective measures: Do not inhale vapours. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

8.3 Personal Protective Equipment:







Hygiene measures: Store work clothes separately. Remove soiled or soaked clothing

immediately. Follow the usual good standards of occupational hygiene. Clean skin thoroughly after handling. Apply skin cream.

Respiratory protection: If ventilation is insufficient, breathing apparatus to be used in case

of high concentrations, short term: filter appliance, filter A.



Hand protection: Butyl rubber gloves (0.7mm), break through time 60 minutes (EN

374:2004). In practice, due to variable exposure conditions, this information can only be used as an aid to selection of a suitable chemical protection glove. This information does not substitute suitability tests by the end user. A suitable glove type should be selected for each work environment. Gloves should be replaced regularly, especially after extended contact with the substance.

Eye protection: Wear approved, tightly fitting safety goggles.

Body protection: On handling larger quantities: face mask, chemical-resistant boots

and rubber apron.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Form: Liquid
Colour: Colourless
Odour: Ester-like
Melting Temperature: -48°C

Boiling Temperature: 100.3°C @ 1.013hPa

Flashpoint: 10°C (method DIN 51755 - closed cup)

Ignition Temperature: 430°C (method DIN 51794)

Lower Explosion Limit: 2.1% vol. @ 10.5°C

Upper Explosion Limit:12.5% vol.Vapour Pressure:47hPa @ 20°CRelative Density:0.94g/cm³ @ 20°C

Relative Vapour Density: >1 @ 20°C (related to air)

Solubility in Water: 1.6g/l @ 20°C, difficult to mix

Solubility (Qualitative): Miscible with most organic solvents

pH value: Not applicable

Partition Co-efficient: logPow 1.38 (measured, n-Octanol/water) Viscosity (Dynamic): 0.6mPa·s @ 20ºC (method Brookfield)

9.2 Other information: None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

Refer to sections 2 and 10

10.2 Chemical stability:

Stable under normal temperature conditions and when used as directed. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Refer to section 2.3

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

The substance is normally supplied in a stabilised form. If the permissible storage period/storage temperature is exceeded, the product may polymerise with heat generation. Avoid excessive heat for long periods of time. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.



10.5 Incompatible materials:

Free radical initiators
Reducing agents
Tertiary amines
Heavy metals
Peroxides
Oxidising agents

Oxidising agents Mineral acids Strong acids/alkalis

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Oxides of carbon. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Metabolism: The substance is rapidly metabolised

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD₅₀ rat >5000mg/kg

 LD_{50} mouse = 5200mg/kg LD_{50} rabbit >5000mg/kg

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC₅₀ rat, 4h 29.8mg/l

LC₅₀ mouse, 3h 33mg/l

Acute Dermal Toxicity: LD₅₀ rabbit >5000mg/kg

Caustic Burning/Skin Irritation: Rabbit, 24h (OECD 405) Not irritating-

If skin contact is prolonged and/or

frequent, irritations cannot be

excluded.

Skin Irritant Category 2 (UN-GHS)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Rabbit, 24h Not irritating-

slightly irritating

slightly irritating

Respiratory/Skin Sensitisation: Guinea pig (OECD 406) Sensitising

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. In humans, various types of allergic reactions have been observed (symptoms: headache, eye

irritations, skin affectations).

Skin Irritant Category 1B (UN-GHS)

Aspiration Hazard: No evidence for hazardous properties

(structure-activity relationship).

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: +ve as well as –ve results in *in vitro* mutagenicity

/genotoxicity tests. No experimental evidence of genotoxicity *in vivo* is available. In general, not mutagenic according to international criteria



Carcinogenicity: Non-carcinogenic in inhalation and feeding

studies performed in rats, mice and dogs

Reprotoxicity/Teratogenicit: No indication of toxic effects in experimental

models

Human Health Hazard

Assessment:

single exposure:

CMR: No

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - respiratory tract irritation

Hazard Category 3

repeated exposure:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - no evidence for hazardous properties

rat, inhalation, 25-400ppm

NOAEL, 25ppm

Findings: damage to nasal mucous

membrane

400ppm

Rat, dilute ingestion, 6-2000ppm

Findings: no toxic effect

NOAEL, 2000ppm

69mg/l

>110mg/l

General Information: Avoid contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of

substance vapours.

12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 **Ecotoxicity: Aquatic Environment**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

Aquatoxicity, fish LC₅₀ Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96h

>79mg/l LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 72h 264mg/l LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 96h 191mg/l

Aquatoxicity, invertebrates EC₅₀ Daphnia magna, 48h (OECD 202)

> Daphnia magna, 21d flow through (OECD 202) NOEC, 37mg/I

Aquatoxicity, aquatic plants EC₅₀ Selenastrum capricornutum, 72hr (OECD 201)

> EC3 Scenedesmus quadricauda, 8d (DIN 38412:9) 37mg/l

Toxicity in Microorganisms EC3 Pseudomonas putida, 16h 100mg/l

Persistence and degradability: 12.2

Persistence and Degradability No evidence for hazardous properties

Biodegradability Readily degradable, 14d, 28d (OECD 301, 301C) 94%

> The substance in inherently biodegradable, but not readily biodegradable to OECD criteria

12.3 Bio accumulative potential:

Bioaccumulation No evidence for hazardous properties

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Mobility The substance has poor water solubility.

No evidence for hazardous properties.



12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Persistent, Bio accumulative or Toxic No (REACH, Annex VIII) very Persistent, very Bio accumulative No (REACH, Annex VIII)

12.6 Other adverse effects:

General Information Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Substance: Waste is hazardous and to be treated as controlled waste. Product must be disposed

of as special waste after consultation with local waste authorities and the disposal

company in a suitable and licensed facility.

Packaging: Contaminated packaging should be emptied optimally and after appropriate

professional cleaning may be taken for re-use. Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of professionally. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Contaminated rags and the like must be discarded into designated a

fireproof bucket.

List of Waste, Chemicals and gases in containers, 16 05

LOW

16 05 06 Laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous

substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals.

16 05 08 Discarded organic chemicals consisting of or containing dangerous

substances.

Always check the given waste code according to the actual conditions of

manufacturing, formulation or use in your facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number: UN 1247 Hazard Class 3, flammable liquids Packing Group II

14.2 UN proper shipping name:

Land Transport ADR/GGVSEB UN/Germany

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II, Tunnel restriction code

D/E

Hazard no. 339

Land Transport RID/GGVSEB

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

Hazard no. 339

Inland Waterway Transport

ADNR/GGVSEB UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

Shipment by Sea

IMDG/GGVSee UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

EmS F-E, S-D

Marine pollutant No



Air Transport ICAO/IATA

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Refer to section 14.2

14.4 Packing group:

Refer to section 14.2

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Refer to section 14.2, not applicable if unmentioned

14.6 Special precautions for user:

Refer to section 14.2

14.7 Transport in bulk according to the IBC code

For transport approval see regulatory information

MARPOL 73/78, Annex II – Regulations for Control of Pollution by Noxious Liquid Substance in Bulk. SOLAS Chapter VII – Carriage of Dangerous Goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

National Legislation

Occupational Restrictions: Note for juveniles.

Note for pregnant women and nursing mothers

EC Directive 92/85/EEC

Status of Registration: REACH (EU) registered/pre-registered

TSCA (USA) listed or exempt
DSL (CDN) listed or exempt
AICS (AUS) listed or exempt
METI (J) listed or exempt
ECL (KOR) listed or exempt
PICCS (RP) listed or exempt
IECSC (CN) listed or exempt

HSNO (NZ) listed or exempt Code: HSR001195

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) 2018/1480 of 4 October 2018 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures and correcting Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/776.



REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out by the supplier.

16. FURTHER INFORMATION

The substance is normally supplied in a stabilised form.

If the permissible storage period and/or storage temperature is noticeably exceeded, the substance may polymerise with heat evolution.

The instructions given here are valid only for the substance as supplied, not for derivatives resulting from its use.

References: Quoted manuals and standards

IMO OECD-SIDS SIAR NIH NIOSH UNECE

Revision

This document differs from the previous version in the following areas:

Title Revised to state in Accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830 & Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 15 Inclusion of Statements regarding pertinent EU regulations.

16 Addition of detailed revision information.

This datasheet has been re-written and replaces all previous versions. The information and all further technical advice is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the substances in terms of their safety and handling requirements. The instructions given here are valid only for the product as supplied, not for derivatives resulting from its use. It implies no liability or other legal responsibility on our part. In particular, no warranty, whether expressed or implied, or guarantee of product properties in the legal sense is intended or implied. We reserve the right to make any changes according to technological progress or further developments. The customer is not released from the obligation to conduct careful inspection of incoming goods.