

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURES AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name Pegasus Plus Denture Base Liquid

Based on methyl methacrylate:

CAS-No. 80-62-6 EU Index No. 607-035-00-6 REACH No. 01-2119452498-28

EC-No. 201-297-1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For use in dental applications and not for use on nail applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Davis Schottlander & Davis Ltd

Fifth Avenue, Letchworth Garden City

Hertfordshire SG6 2WD, UK msds@schottlander.co.uk www.schottlander.com

1.4. Emergency contacts

Office Hours Schottlander

+44 1462 480 848

Out of Hours UK National Chemical Emergency Centre

+44 1865 407333

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified as hazardous according to GHS

H225 Flammable Liquids Hazard category 2
 H315 Irritation of skin Hazard category 2
 H317 Skin sensitisation Hazard category 1B
 H335 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Hazard category 3

Single exposure (inhalation)



2.2. Label elements

Signal word Danger (Code: Dgr)

GHS Pictogram





н	21	5	ΗЗ	17	H3	35	

Hazard Statement	H225	Highly flammable liquid or vapour
	H315	Causes skin irritation
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause respiratory
	H335	irritation
Precautionary Statement	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
(Prevention)	P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
(Response)	P303+361+353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
(Disposal)	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation

2.3. Other hazards

Polymerisation with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g peroxides), reducing substances, and/or heavy metal ions.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

In Accordance with Regulation EC 1272/2008

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	CONTENT	HAZARD/CATEGORY/STATEMENT
	EC INDEX NO.		
	REACH NO.		
	EINECS NO.		
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	>90%	Flam. Liq./2/H225
	607-035-00-6		Skin Irrit./2/H315
	01-2119452498-28		Skin Sens./1/H317
	201-297-1		STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
Ethylene Glycol	97-90-5	2.5-10%	Skin Sens./1/H317
Dimethacrylate	607-114-00-5		STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
	Pre-registered		
	202-617-2		



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Medical treatment is necessary if symptoms occur which are obviously

caused by skin or eye contact with the product, or by vapour inhalation.

Remove soiled soaked clothing immediately.

Inhalation Move casualty to fresh air and keep them calm. Seek medical attention.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, seek

medical attention.

Eye contact Holding eyelids open, immediately rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.

Seek medical advice.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact a doctor.

Self protection of first-aider No specific protection is required. Gloves are recommended.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin and eye irritation. Skin sensitisation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek immediate medical attention if symptoms indicate excessive exposure to eyes or skin.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media Water

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take care for adequate ventilation. Use personal protective clothing. Keep away from sources of ignition. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapour/dust/mist/aerosol.



6.2. Environmental procedures

Do not allow to enter drains/surface water/ground water/sewerage systems. If entry occurs IMMEDIATELY alert The Environment Agency or other equivalent appropriate body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Larger volumes: remove mechanically (by pumping). Use explosion-proof equipment. Smaller volumes and/or residues: contain with absorbent material (eg. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid absorbent, universal absorbent or sawdust). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8. For disposal considerations see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Measures to Prevent Fire

Ensure the area is well ventilated. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame – no smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. In the event of fire, use explosion-proof equipment only. Cool the endangered containers with water. When heated above the flashpoint and/or during spraying (atomising), ignitable mixtures may form in air.

Measures to Protect the Environment

Avoid spills. Keep substance away from drains to sewer. Keep container tightly closed.

General Occupational Hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Wash hands after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2. Conditions of safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in the original container and do not allow temperature to exceed 30°C. Protect from light. Fill the container by approx. 90% only as oxygen (air) is required for stabilisation. With large storage containers, ensure oxygen supply is sufficient to allow stability. Can polymerise with intense heat release.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Components or products of decomposition according to point 10, with limit values related to the place of work which require monitoring.

Methyl Methacrylate CAS No. 80-62-6



WEL (8hrs) 208mg/m³ 50 ppm (Indicative occupational exposure limit value

2009/161/EC 2009)

WEL (15mins) 416 mg/m³ 100 ppm (Indicative occupational exposure limit value

2009/161/EC 2009)

8.2. Exposure controls

Monitoring Data For monitoring procedures and technical data refer to, for instance, The National Institute for

Health and Safety (NIOSH) – Manual of Analytical Methods, method 2537; Occupational

Health and Safety Administration (OHSA)

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL)

CRITICAL COMPONENT	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	DNEL
	(LONG-TERM)	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	210mg/m^3
	Dermal	74.3mg/m^3
	Oral	-

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC)

CRITICAL COMPONENT	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	PNEC
	(LONG-TERM)	
Methyl Methacrylate	Water	0.94mg/l
	Soil	-
	Air	-

General protective measures

Do not inhale vapours. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

8.3. Personal Protective Equipment







Hygiene measures Store work clothes separately. Remove soiled or soaked clothing immediately. Follow the

usual good standards of occupational hygiene. Clean skin thoroughly after handling. Apply

skin cream.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is insufficient, breathing apparatus (e.g. EN140) to be used in case of high

concentrations, short term: filter appliance, filter A, e.g. EN141

Hand protection Butyl rubber gloves (0.7mm), break through time 60 minutes (e.g. EN 374:2004). In practice,

due to variable exposure conditions, this information can only be used as an aid to selection of a suitable chemical protection glove. This information does not substitute suitability tests by the end user. A suitable glove type should be selected for each work environment. Gloves

should be replaced regularly, especially after extended contact with the substance.

Eye protection Wear approved, tightly fitting safety goggles. E.g. EN166

Body protection On handling larger quantities: face mask (e.g. EN136), chemical-resistant boots (e.g.

EN13832) and rubber apron.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid
Colour Colourless
Odour Ester-like
Melting Temperature -48°C

Boiling Temperature 100.3°C @ 1.013hPa

Flashpoint 10°C (method DIN 51755 - closed cup)

Ignition Temperature 430°C (method DIN 51794)

Lower Explosion Limit 2.1% vol. @ 10.5°C

Upper Explosion Limit 12.5% vol.

Vapour Pressure 47hPa @ 20°C

Relative Density 0.94g/cm3 @ 20°C

Relative Vapour Density >1 @ 20°C (related to air)

Solubility in Water 1.6g/l @ 20°C, difficult to mix

Solubility (Qualitative) Miscible with most organic solvents

pH value Not applicable

Partition Co-efficient logPow 1.38 (measured, n-Octanol/water) Viscosity (Dynamic) 0.6mPa·s @ 20°C (method Brookfield)

9.2. Other information

None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 2.3 and 10.2

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and when used as directed. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to section 2.3.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The substance is normally supplied in a stabilized form. If the permissible storage period/storage temperature is exceeded, the product may polymerise with heat generation. Avoid excessive heat for long periods of time. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Free radical initiators Reducing agents Tertiary amines Heavy metals Peroxides Oxidising agents Mineral acids Strong acids/alkalis



10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute Inhalation Toxicity LC_{50} rat, 4h 29.8mg/l LC_{50} mouse, 3h 33mg/l

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD₅₀ rabbit >5000mg/kg

Caustic Burning/Skin Irritation Rabbit, 24h (OECD 405) Not irritating-slightly irritating

If skin contact is prolonged and/or frequent, irritations cannot be excluded.

Skin Irritant Category 2 (UN-GHS)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Rabbit, 24h Not irritating-slightly irritating

Respiratory/Skin Sensitisation Guinea pig (OECD 406) Sensitising

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. In humans, various types of allergic reactions have been observed (symptoms: headache, eye irritations, skin

affectations)

Skin Irritant Category 1B (UN-GHS)

Aspiration Hazard No evidence for hazardous properties

(structure-activity relationship)

Germ Cell Mutagenicity +ve as well as -ve results in in vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity tests. No experimental

evidence of genotoxicity in vivo is available. In general, not mutagenic according to

international criteria

Carcinogenicity Non-carcinogenic in inhalation and feeding studies performed in rats, mice and dogs

Reprotoxicity/Teratogenicity No indication of toxic effects in experimental models

Human Health Hazard

Assessment

CMR:no

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

- single exposure

respiratory tract irritation

Hazard Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity no evidence for hazardous properties

- repeated exposure rat, inhalation, 25-400ppm

rat, inhalation, 25-400ppm NOAEL, 25ppm Findings: damage to nasal 400ppm

mucous membrane

Rat, dilute ingestion, 6-2000ppm NOAEL, 2000ppm

Findings: no toxic effect

General Information Avoid contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of substance vapours



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Aquatic Environment Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Category 3

Aquatoxicity, fish LC₅₀ Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96h

>79mg/l 264mg/l

LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 72h LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 96h

191mg/l

Aquatoxicity, invertebrates EC₅₀ Daphnia magna, 48h (OECD 202)

69mg/l

Daphnia magna, 21d flow through (OECD 202)

NOEC, 37mg/l

Aquatoxicity, aquatic plants EC₅₀ Selenastrum capricornutum, 72hr (OECD 201) EC3 Scenedesmus quadricauda, 8d (DIN 38412:9)

>110mg/l

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EC3 Pseudomonas putida, 16h

100mg/l

37mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Toxicity in Microorganisms

Persistence and Degradability No evidence for hazardous properties

Biodegradability Readily degradable, 14d, 28d (OECD 301, 301C) 94%

The substance in inherently biodegradable, but not readily biodegradable to

OECD criteria

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No evidence for hazardous properties

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The substance has poor water solubility.

No evidence for hazardous properties

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Persistent, Bioaccumulative or Toxic No (REACH, Annex VIII) very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative No (REACH, Annex VIII)

12.6. Other adverse effects

General Information Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or

waste water



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Substance Waste is hazardous and to be treated as controlled waste. Product must be disposed

of as special waste after consultation with local waste authorities and the disposal

company in a suitable and licensed facility.

Packaging Contaminated packaging should be emptied optimally and after appropriate

professional cleaning may be taken for re-use. Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of professionally. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Contaminated rags and the like must be discarded into designated a fireproof

bucket.

List of Waste, LOW Chemicals and gases in containers, 16 05

16 05 06 Laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous

substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals.

16 05 08 Discarded organic chemicals consisting of or containing

dangerous substances.

Always check the given waste code according to the actual conditions of

manufacturing, formulation or use in your facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number UN 1247 Hazard Class 3, flammable liquids Packing Group II



14.2. UN proper shipping name

Land Transport ADR/GGVSEB UN/Germany

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED, Class 3, Group II, Tunnel restriction code D/E

Hazard no. 339

Land Transport RID/GGVSEB UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED, Class 3, Group II Hazard no. 339

Inland Waterway Transport ADNR/GGVSEB

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED, Class 3, Group II

Shipment by Sea IMDG/GGVSee

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED, Class 3, Group II



EmS F-E, S-D Marine pollutant No

Air Transport ICAO/IATA

UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED, Class 3, Group II

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Refer to section 14.2

14.4. Packing group

Refer to section 14.2

14.5. Environmental hazards

Refer to section 14.2, not applicable if unmentioned

14.6. Special precautions for user

Refer to section 14.2

14.7. Transport in bulk according to the IBC code

For transport approval see regulatory information

MARPOL 73/78, Annex II – Regulations for Control of Pollution by Noxious Liquid Substances in Bulk SOLAS Chapter VII – Carriage of Dangerous Goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) 2018/1480 of 4 October 2018 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures and correcting Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/776.

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

National Legislation

Occupational Restrictions Note for juveniles

Note for pregnant women and nursing mothers EC Directive 92/85/EEC



Status of Registration REACH (EU) registered/pre-registered

TSCA (USA) listed or exempt DSL (CDN) listed or exempt AICS (AUS) listed or exempt METI (J)listed or exempt ECL (KOR) listed or exempt PICCS (RP) listed or exempt IECSC (CN) listed or exempt

HSNO (NZ) listed or exempt Code: HSR001195

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Labelling in accordance with GefStoffV/EC

Hazard symbols

Methyl Methacrylate
F Highly flammable

Xi Irritant

H-statements from Section 3 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H335 May cause respiratory irritation

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The substance is normally supplied in a stabilized form.

If the permissible storage period and/or storage temperature is noticeably exceeded, the substance may polymerise with heat evolution.

The instructions given here are valid only for the substance as supplied, not for derivatives resulting from its use.

References Quoted manuals and standards

IMO

OECD-SIDS SIAR NIH NIOSH OHSA

UNECE

Revision

This document differs from the previous version in the following areas:

8 Origin of WEL values stated.

8 Standards for protective equipment included.

16.2 Date of the latest revision of the SDS

Revision Date: 01/11/2023

Revision: V5

Next Review Date: 01/11/2026



This datasheet has been re-written and replaces all previous versions. The information and all further technical advice is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the substances in terms of their safety and handling requirements. The instructions given here are valid only for the product as supplied, not for derivatives resulting from its use. It implies no liability or other legal responsibility on our part. In particular, no warranty, whether expressed or implied, or guarantee of product properties in the legal sense is intended or implied. We reserve the right to make any changes according to technological progress or further developments. The customer is not released from the obligation to conduct careful inspection of incoming goods.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET